



# Upcycled Textiles



Year 9 Textiles





			TG: 9	Pathway:	
Self Assessment	www				
	HTI:	 			

## What are we learning and why?

During this project you will be developing skills and knowledge which would be useful to you at GCSE. GCSE Textiles follows a very similar structure to 3D design, Art and Photography so what you learn here will be useful in other subjects. At GCSE your work is assessed using four Assessment Objectives these are:

Researching Ideas, Developing ideas and designing, Communicating ideas through drawing and writing and Final Product. Here is how the work you will do during the project will be useful.

Researching Ideas	Developing and trialing ideas and designing	Communicating Ideas	Final Product
Research into the environmental damage caused by the fashion and Textiles industry  Artist and designer research page  Researching paper manipulation techniques	Samples of boro and cut and slash  Trialing methods of applying fabric paint to fabric  Developing design ideas for painted pocket designs based upon images from a moodboard  Developing design ideas through modelling on a dress stand	Evaluating the samples that you have made  Written communication to present the research you have done  Design drawings for pocket design  Labelling of design work	Skills demonstrated:  - Sewing machine - Boro - Cut and Slash - Making a patch pocket - Fabric painting - Patchwork - Paper manipulation techniques

# Single Lessons

The environmental impact of the fashion and textiles industry on the environment

### What does it all mean?





Watch the two video clips talking about climate change and its effects. Note down what you think the key issues and causes are.

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Eg: Burning fossil fuels for energy

### Effects:

Eg: Extreme weather events

### <u>Textiles and the Environment: What does it all Mean?</u>

Link the terms used to talk about the environmental impact caused by the fashion and textiles industry to their definition

Climate Change

**Greenhouse Gases** 

**Fossil Fuels** 

**Carbon Footprint** 

Pesticide

**Global Warming** 

**Fast Fashion** 

Are fuels made from decomposing life forms (plants and animals) over a very long period of time. They can be burned to produce energy but release a lot of Carbon Dioxide when this happens. Coal, oil and natural gas are all examples of these fuels

Any toxic substance used to kill animals, fungi or plants that can cause harm of damage to a commercially grown crop.

Is the long term alteration of temperature and typical weather patterns in an area (eg: more or less rainfall)

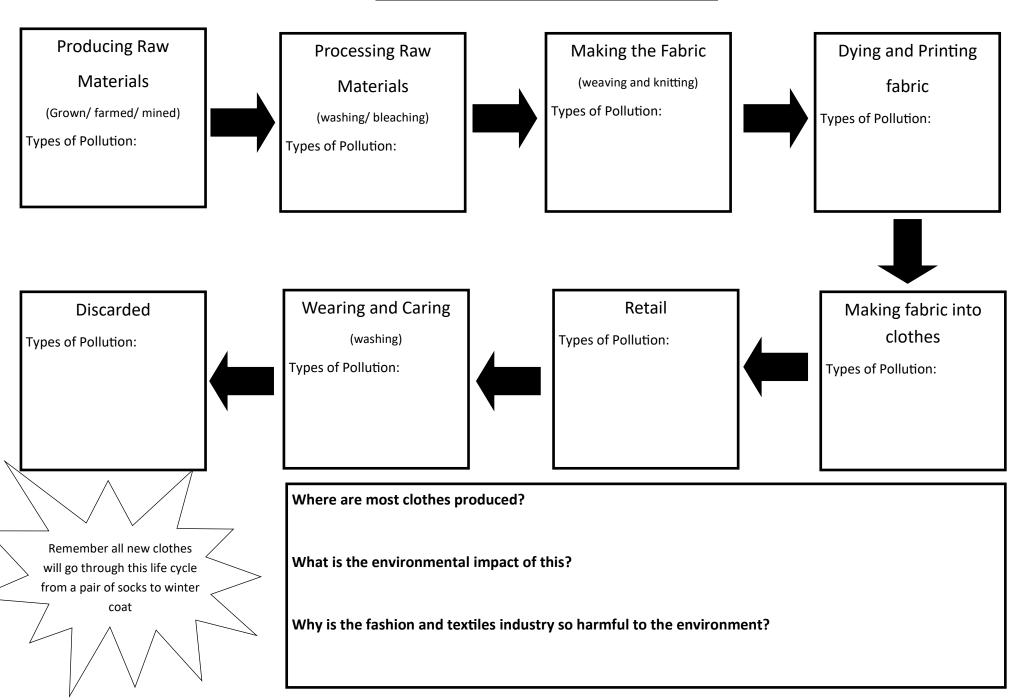
Clothes that are made a sold cheaply and quickly so that people can afford to buy new clothes more often. It accounts for 10% of all carbon emissions globally and after the oil industry is the second largest industry when it comes to pollution.

Are gases in the earth's atmosphere that trap heat. They let sunlight pass through the atmosphere but prevent the sunlight from leaving. This causes global temperatures to rise. Carbon dioxide is a green house gas.

Is a measure of the impact that your activities have on the amount of carbon dioxide produced through burning fossil fuels.

Is the long term heating of the Earth's climate observed since the pre industrial period (beginning around 1850) due to human activities, primarily the burning of fossil fuels which increases the amount of heat trapping green house gases such as carbon dioxide in the Earth's atmosphere.

### Life Cycle of an Item of Clothing



### Plenary: RAG

Revisit the questions from the beginning of the lesson. Evaluate how much you feel you know about each topic now.

Red = I don't think I know anything about this. I wouldn't feel at all confident answering this question

Amber= I feel I know some things about this topic although I still have some questions/ things I am unsure of. I feel that I could have a go at answering this question.

Green= I feel confident and secure in my knowledge about this topic. I could confidently answer this question

Write down some questions you have from this lesson that could help you understand the topic better.

What is climate change?

How bad for the environment do you think fashions and textiles are?

What is Fast Fashion?

Where do your clothes come from/ where are they made?

In what ways do fashion and Textiles harm the environment?

A question that I have from this lesson is ...



### Fashion's Dirty Secret

Watch the Stacey Dooley documentary Fashion's Dirty Secret. As you are watching the documentary answer the questions below .

FASHION'S DIRTY SECRETS	questions below.
1. Where is the Aral Sea?	6. Where is the Citarum river?
2. What happened to the Aral sea?	7. What has happened to the Citarum river?
3. What caused the sea to dry up?	8. What health effects has the pollution in the river water had on the People who live near to the river
4. What was the effect of the sea drying up on the climate in	
Kazakhstan?	9. What kind of chemicals/ heavy metals have been detected in the
	water
5. What effect did the sea drying up have on the people who	
Lived in the region?	

Did you know about either the Aral Sea or the Citarum River before you watched the documentary?

Why do you think we are not more aware of these issues?

### Research

Why is research an important part of the design process?

What makes a good sketch-book research page?

Types of research that could help with designing

# Research Page Success Criteria

Foundation	Secure	Confident	Exceptional
Has given at least one example of how the fashion industry damages the environment  Give the page a title  Included some relevant images  Has given some thought to the layout and presentation of the page.  You have used some key terms such as climate change/ fast fashion	Has given at least 2 examples of how the fashion industry damages the environment.  Has included at least one real life example of environmental damage caused by the fashion industry eg: Aral Sea disaster  You have included some facts and figures that show the environmental damage caused.  Your writing shows some understanding of the issues. You have explained things clearly and in some detail. All work is in your own words  The layout of your page shows you have thought about how you can visually communicate information  Keywords such as climate change/ fast fashion have been used and you have explained their meaning	Your work includes an introduction to explain what you are looking at and why  You use key terms throughout your research page making sure you explain their meanings  You have included a at least 4 examples of ways that they fashion and textiles industry damages the environment using real life examples to demonstrate your meaning.  Your writing shows a clear understanding and knowledge of the subject and issues. You use images to help illustrate your work.  You use facts and figures to back up the points you have made  Your page is well presented using a range of visual communication tools.	Your work includes an introduction to explain what you are looking at and why. You have explained why this is relevant.  You use key terms throughout your research page making sure you explain their meanings. Your writing suggests a detailed knowledge of the subject and is clear and detailed.  You have included a at least 5examples of ways that they fashion and textiles industry damages the environment using real life examples to demonstrate your meaning.  Your writing shows a clear understanding and knowledge of the subject and issues. You use images to help illustrate your work.  You use facts and figures to back up the points you have made  Your page is visually engaging. It clearly helps to communicate the issues you are talking about. You have used a range of techniques to communicate information and make your page visually interesting to look at.



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	Self Assessment: Tick off which of the assessment criteria you think you have achieved
	www:
	HTI:

### Research Page Peer Assessment

Person 1	Person 2
What pathway do you think Is working at and why?	What pathway do you think Is working at and why?
I think that is working at a	I think that is working at a
because	because
WWW: Identify some of the strengths of this piece of work.	WWW: Identify some of the strengths of this piece of work.
What have they done well. Link to the success criteria	What have they done well. Link to the success criteria
HTI: Suggest something that could be done to improve this piece	HTI: Suggest something that could be done to improve this piec
of work. What would make it better. How could they move their	of work. What would make it better. How could they move their
work up a pathway?	work up a pathway?

### Homework 1: Wardrobe Survey

List which fabrics your clothes are made from? (Look in the labels it will tell you)
List which countries your clothes were made in (Look in the labels)
How many items of clothing have you had for less than a year?
How many items of clothing have you had for over 3 years?
How many items of clothing do you own that you have never worn? Why have you not worn them?
How many items of clothing have you only worn once or twice?

Select two items of clothing from your wardrobe. Choose one that you really love and one that you don't like. Draw or add a picture of each item of clothing and fill in a clothing tag for each garment.

n of clothing #1 😊	Item of clothing #2
Why did you buy this item? For example: Because I needed a new winter jacket	Why did you buy this item? For example: Because I needed a new winter jacks
How do you feel about this item? For example: I am bored by it	How do you feel about this item For example: I am bored by it
How often do you wear this item? For example: Nearly every day	How often do you wear this iter  For example: Nearly every day

What are the environmental issues associated with the fabrics that your	What changes could you make to your wardrobe/ shopping habits to
clothes are made from?	ensure that your wardrobe is more sustainable/ environmentally
	friendly? Think about what you buy/ how much you buy/ where you
	buy it from/ what you do with it when you no longer want it.
How far approximately have your clothes had to travel to reach you? What are	
the environmental issues associated with this?	
Do you know what the working conditions for the people who made your	
clothes were like? Do you think they received a fair wage?	
cioties were like. Bo you tillik they received a fair wage.	

# Word search

# R'S AND SUSTAINABILITY



sustainable as possible. They are... reduce, repair, reuse, recycle, rethink and refuse. The 6R's are the 6 key things designers think about when designing products to be as

Why not time yourself to see how long it takes you to find all the words? You can go up, down, forwards, backwards or diagonally in this wordsearch.

REDUCE PEOPLE		MORAL REUSE		
	RIAL RETHINK		YCLE REFUSE	
	RENEWABLE	0	TECHNOLOGY	REPAIR

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Reduce	
Reuse	
Recycle	
Rethink	
Refuse	
Repair	

### The 6 R's of Sustainability

Match up the 6 R's with their definition

o the 6 K S with their definition
If we must discard of something, it can usually be recycled, and the materials can be reused to make something else. Make sure you're separating your glass, plastic and cardboard materials and disposing of them in the appropriate bins.
It's easy to replace items when they break or wear away, but before we do, we need to consider if the can be repaired. A hole in your clothes can be easily sewed, and broken items can be glued or taped. Faulty phones and tablets can be taken to repair shops, and shoes can be re-soled. Not only will repair ing items save you money, it'll help the environment by reducing your usage of materials.
Refers to cutting down the amount of materials we consume. If we consume less, we'll waste less. Although its impossible to go without the essentials, we can do our bit to help the environment by using only what we need.
Means refraining from buying and using things that you don't need. Try to reuse what you can and lim your usage of single use items like plastic straws and carrier bags. The most environmentally friendly resources are those we don't use at all.
Before buying new items to replace the old, ask yourself if they can be reused or repurposed before you discard them. For example, you could use old plastic food containers for another storage purpose, plastic bottles as plant pots, or bring along your own reusable cup when you're popping out for a coffee.
Before you buy another product, rethink – do I really need it? By consuming more producs, we're creating more, and discarding more. This ends up in landfills, where masses of rubbish are burned away, contributing to the greenhouse gasses that are damaging our climate

### 6 R's of Sustainability Poster

### Artist and Designer Research Page

# Double Lessons Samples, experiments, designs and development

### **Boro**

What is Boro? Describe what the technique is? How is it done?

	Where does the technique come from? What effect does it create?
Stick Sample Here	
	What makes the technique suitable for using recycled materials?
	What do you like about this technique?
	What do you not like about the technique?

### **Cut and Slash Sample**

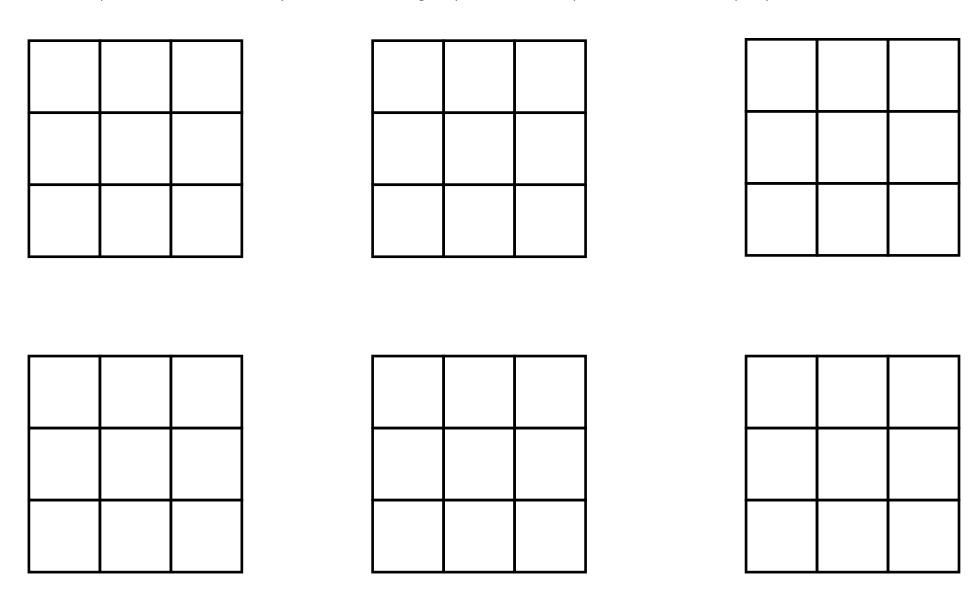
	What is cut and slash? Describe how you made your sample.
	What effect does it create?
tick Sample Here	
	What makes the technique suitable for using recycled materials?
	What do you like about this technique?
	What do you not like about the technique?

### **Couching Sample**

	What is couching? Describe how you made your sample. What effect does it create?
Stick Sample Here	
	What makes the technique suitable for using recycled materials?
	What do you like about this technique?
	What do you not like about the technique?

### Patchwork Cushion Design Ideas

Use the shapes below to help you to experiment with design ideas for your patchwork cushion. Experiment with different shapes/patterns and colours which you could create using the patchwork technique and the other techniques you have learnt about.



### Patchwork Cushion Success Criteria

Foundation	Secure	Confident	Exceptional
You have managed to complete making your cushion.  You have produced a 9 square patchwork using the patchwork technique  You have given some thought to the colours and fabrics that you have selected	You have made a 9 square cushion.  Your cushion includes at least one of the other techniques which you have experimented with eg: boro/ cut and slash  Your cushion shows that you have considered colour, pattern and texture when creating patchwork design and selecting fabrics.	You have made your cushion using either rectangles or triangles to create your patchwork design or created a 9 square patchwork cushion incorporating at least 2 of the other techniques.  You cushion is of a very good quality. You have sewn your seams accurately so they all match up.  It is clear that you have thought carefully about the design of your cushion considering colour, pattern and texture when creating the patchwork design	An imaginative and challenging design eg: using a mixture of different shapes.  You have incorporated a range of techniques into your design.  Your cushion is of an excellent quality.  The design for your cushion is very well thought out you have selected fabrics based on colour pattern and texture. Your design is aesthetically pleasing.

### **Patchwork Cushion Evaluation**

Stick a picture of your cushion in here.	What could you do to move up to the next pathway?		
	What do you like about your cushion?		
	If you were to make your cushion again what changes would you make?		
	How did you use recycled materials in your design? Explain your choice of colours, fabrics and textures.		
Look at the assessment criteria			
Which pathway do you think you have achieved with			
your cushion and why?	What did you find most challenging when making your cushion?		

### Mini Project: Pocket full of Art Design Ideas

The designer Kessler Ramirez upcycles Jeans she has found in charity shops by painting the pockets with artworks by famous artists such as Vincent Van Gogh, Roy Lictenstein, Monet and Picasso. Using the moodboards provided produce 4x design ideas for pocket designs.

-You have completed at least 3 design ideas -Design ideas are coloured neatly.  -You have labelled your designs to explain which artist they are based on.  -Your designs are mostly just a copy of a famous work of art you haven't attempted to change the original image in any way for your design.  -You have completed 4 design ideas. Your designs are neatly presented and well coloured in.  -You have labelled your designs to say which artist you have chosen to base each design on and why. You have explained how you have used the artists work to inspire your work and why you chose to do this  -You have labelled your designs to show which artist you have chosen to base each design on and why. You have explained how you have used the artists work to inspire your work and why you chose to do this  -You have attempted to adapt the original art works in some way eg: choosing a small section of the work.  -You have labelled your designs to show which artist you have chosen to base each design on and why. You have explained how your work to inspire your work and why you chose to do this  -You have attempted to adapt the original art works in some way eg: choosing a small section of the work.  -You have labelled your designs to show which artist you have chosen to base each design on and why. You have explained how your work to inspire your work and why you chose to do this  -You have labelled your designs to show which artist you have chosen to base each design on and why. You have explained how you have used the artists work to inspire your work and why you chose to do this  -You have attempted to adapt the original art works of art but are not a direct copy eg: changing colour/ word-  -You have labelled your designs to show which artist you have chosen to base each design on and why.  -You have explained how your designs to show which artist you have chosen to base each design on and why.  -You have explained how your designs to show which artist you have chosen to base each design on and why.  -You have explained how yo
ing/ using part of the design

### Fabric Paint

	What is fabric painting? Describe the different techniques you
Stick Sample Here	can use. What effect does it create?
	What makes the technique suitable for upcycling old fabrics/garments?
	What do you like about this technique?
	What do you not like about the technique?

### Pocket of Art Final Piece